

Support

Individuals with truncal dystonia are strongly encouraged to:

- Seek out the best medical care, including a multidisciplinary movement disorders team.
- Learn as much about truncal dystonia and treatment options.
- Use a multi-layered support system of support groups, online resources, friends, family and mental health professionals if needed.
- Investigate supportive therapies such as physical and occupational therapies.
- Engage with and participate in the dystonia community.

More Information:

Dystonia Medical Research Foundation (DMRF) Canada

PO BOX 1009 STN TORONTO DOM
TORONTO, ON M5K 1P2

Phone: 416-488-6974

Toll Free: English - 800-361-8061

Email: info@dystoniacanada.org

Web: www.dystoniacanada.org

*Find DMRF Canada on Facebook,
Instagram, LinkedIn and YouTube*

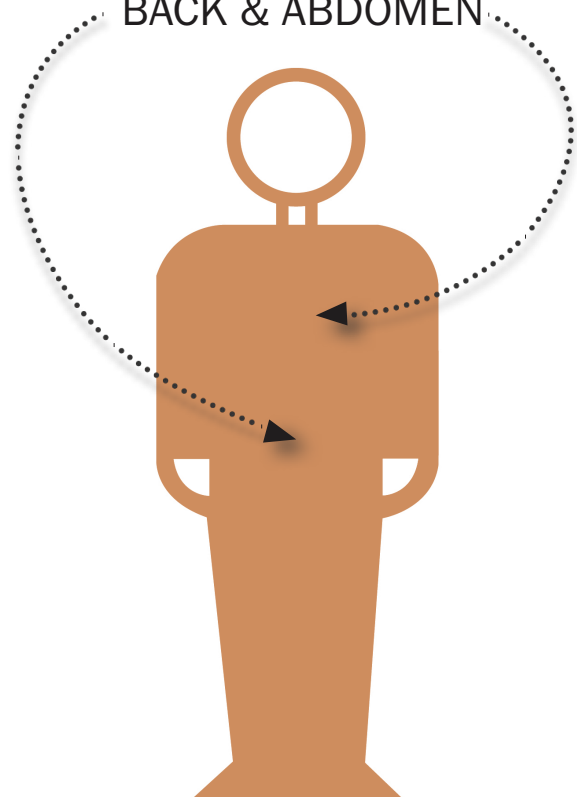
Charitable Registration Number:
12661 6598 RR0001

*Special thanks to past DMRF (United States)
Clinical Fellow Harini Sarva, MD for reviewing
the content of this resource.*

Created and produced by DMRF (United States)

© Dystonia Medical Research Foundation 2024

Truncal Dystonia (Axial Dystonia) DYSTONIA OF THE CHEST, BACK & ABDOMEN



DYSTONIA
MEDICAL
RESEARCH
FOUNDATION
CANADA



FONDATION DE
RECHERCHE
MÉDICALE SUR LA
DYSTONIE
CANADA

*serving all dystonia-affected persons
d'asservant toutes personnes atteintes de dystonie*

Truncal dystonia impacts the muscles in the middle trunk of the body, including the chest, back, and abdominal muscles, and may be affected in both isolated (primary) and acquired (secondary) dystonia. The trunk is affected in generalized and can be affected in segmental dystonias. Truncal dystonia, sometimes referred to as axial dystonia, may also occur as an isolated focal dystonia.

Truncal dystonia can alter posture, leading to pain, difficulty with gait, and challenges to daily living. Truncal dystonia may cause changes to the spine and vertebrae, nerve impingement, and structural changes to the chest wall and abdomen.

Truncal dystonia can occur in several neurodegenerative disorders including Parkinson's disease, amyotrophic lateral sclerosis, and multiple system atrophy. It can be caused by medications such as antipsychotics.

Truncal dystonia that causes the torso to bend forward may be classified as camptocormia, but it is important to note that not all camptocormia is dystonic. Camptocormia is characterized by forward flexion of the lower spine when standing and walking.

Truncal dystonia that causes the torso to bend to the side, often with twisting of the torso, may be called Pisa syndrome. It is often associated with neurodegenerative disease or the use of antipsychotic medications. In some cases, associated with antipsychotic medication use, symptoms may be reduced by lowering the dose, stopping or switching antipsychotic medication.

Symptoms

Truncal dystonia symptoms may be triggered by specific actions or tasks or may occur across numerous activities. Often, the symptoms may be reduced when the person is at rest. Symptoms may include:

- Involuntary contractions of the torso, chest, or abdomen muscles
- Forward bending of the torso
- Back extension or arching
- Torso tilting to one side
- Torso twisting
- Pulling or tightness of back, abdomen, or trunk muscles
- Or any combination of the above

Diagnosis

Diagnosing dystonia does not rely on a specific test. Instead, doctors rely on a thorough evaluation of symptoms and a neurological exam to make a diagnosis. In some cases, additional tests like a brain MRI and in this case a spine MRI may be conducted to rule out other potential causes of the symptoms, ensuring an accurate diagnosis.

Treatment

Botulinum neurotoxin injections may be used to reduce mild-to-moderate truncal dystonia. Botulinum neurotoxin injections may also reduce pain. Severe truncal dystonias may be treated with oral medications, intrathecal baclofen, and/or deep brain stimulation (DBS).

Symptoms tend to reduce with rest. Sensory tricks to reduce symptoms may include running, marching, dancing, placing hands in pants pockets, or tucking hands in the back waistband of pants.